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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/691,671	10/18/2000	Michael J. Wilcox	1282.100	5561	
759	90 07/05/2002				
RICHARD W. HANES			EXAMINER		
HANES & SCH SUITE 243	·		ASSADI, KATHRYN L		
7222 COMMERCE CENTER DR COLORADO SPRINGS, CO 80919-2630			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3763		
			DATE MAILED: 07/05/2002	2	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary		09/691,671	WILCOX, MICHAEL J.
		Examiner	Art Unit
		Kathryn L Assadi	3763
	The MAILING DATE of this communicati	on appears on the cov r sheet w	ith the correspondence address
THE I - Exterent after - If the - If NC - Failur - Any II	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	"ION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a tion. vs, a reply within the statutory minimum of thir y period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON by statute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communicatio BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed of	on <u>18 October 2000</u> .	
2a)□	·	∑ This action is non-final.	
3)	Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice	allowance except for formal ma under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.	atters, prosecution as to the merits D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
•	ion of Claims		
,	Claim(s) <u>1-42</u> is/are pending in the appl		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>2-7,10,12,13 a</u>	nd 15-42 is/are withdrawn from	consideration.
· · · · · ·	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
	Claim(s) <u>1, 8, 9, 11, and 14</u> is/are rejected	ed.	
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
•	Claim(s) are subject to restriction ion Papers	and/or election requirement.	
9)	The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.	
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on 18 October 2000		
	Applicant may not request that any objection		
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on		disapproved by the Examiner.
	If approved, corrected drawings are require		
,	The oath or declaration is objected to by	the Examiner.	
_	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
,	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:		,
	1. Certified copies of the priority doc		•
	2. Certified copies of the priority doc		
* (3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation for the attached detailed Office action for	nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for d		
•	a) The translation of the foreign langua		
15)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for d		
Attachmer		" 	O
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-	· =	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)

Art Unit: 3763

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-36, drawn to a tube for implantation into an eye, classified in class 604, subclass 8.
- II. Claims 37-41, drawn to a method for reducing intraocular pressure, classified in class 604, subclass 541.
- III. Claim 42, drawn to an implant with means for customizing its hydraulic conductance, classified in class 604, subclass 294.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions II and I are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process such as infusing medicament into a body lumen.

Inventions I and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different functions and are not capable of

Art Unit: 3763

being used together. Invention I allows for formation of a capsule for filtration and Invention III increases the surface area for hydraulic conductance.

Inventions II and III are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process such as infusing medicament into a body lumen.

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: (A) Figures 4, 6, 7, 10, 11, (B) Figures 5, 15, 16, (C) Figures 8, 9, (D) Figures 12, 13, 14.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, there are no generic claims.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims

Art Unit: 3763

are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

During a telephone conversation with Mr. Richard Hanes on June 19, 2002, a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I and Species (A), claims 1, 8-12, 14, 15-17, 19, 21-23, 25, 26, 28, 29, and 30. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 2-7, 18, 20, 24, 27, 31-42, in addition to elected claims 10, 12, 13, 15-17, 19, 21-23, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

Art Unit: 3763

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: Examiner finds no disclosure in the specification of said tube with diameter of approximately 100 microns.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 8, 9, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kousai et al (US 4,883,468). Kousai et al discloses a tube for implantation into an eye comprising a lateral portion of the tube being peeled back (Figure 13) thereby creating an open side walled portion of the tube and a peeled back portion (Figure 14), wherein an anchor location of the tube for connection of the anchor location is located on the proximal end of the tube (Figure 11), wherein a cross section of the open side walled portion is in the shape of an arch (Figure 3).

Art Unit: 3763

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kousai et al. Kousai et al teaches all of the above limitations except a tube with diameter of approximately 100 microns. At the time the invention was made, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to make a tube with diameter of approximately 100 microns because Applicant has not disclosed that making a tube with diameter of approximately 100 microns provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with either the size taught by Kousai et al or the claimed tube with diameter of approximately 100 microns because both sizes perform the same function. Therefore, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify Kousai et al to obtain the invention as specified in claim 11.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Cazal (US 5,800,414), Jang (US 5,395,335), Schiffer (US

Art Unit: 3763

5,195,978), and Speers et al (US 3,796,370) all disclose a probe comprising a lateral portion of the tube being peeled back thereby creating an open side walled portion of

the tube and a peeled back portion.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kathryn L Assadi whose telephone number is 703-305-3286. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 AM - 6:00 PM: 1st Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on 703-308-3552. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9302 for regular communications and 703-872-9303 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0858.

June 25, 2002

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Page 7